Diagnostic Test-2020

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1 st Semester (Major)	Department of Physics
Name:	Roll no:
Time: 1 Hour	Total marks: 25
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All questions are compulsory. Each question carry 1 mark.

1. Who is known as the father of C Language

- a) James A. Sosling
- b) Vjarne Stroustrup
- c) Dennis Ritchie
- d) E. F. Codd
- 2. Name the loop that executes at least once.
 - a) for
 - b) if
 - c) do-while
 - d) while
- 3. What is an array?
 - a) An array is a collection of variables that are of the dissimilar data type.
 - b) An array is a collection of variables that are of the same data type.
 - c) An array is not a collection of variables that are of the same data type.
 - d) None of the above.
- 4. Which of the following shows the correct hierarchy of arithmetic operations in C
 - a) *+-=
 - b) */%+-
 - c) *+%-/
 - d) None of the above
- 5. What will be the output of the following arithmetic expression?

5+3*2%10-8*6

- a) -37
- b) -42
- c) -32
- d) -28
- 6. The S.I. unit of spring constant is
 - a) Nm
 - b) Nm-1
 - c) Nm2
 - d) N-1m
- 7. For a particle executing S.H.M. the phase difference between displacement and velocity is
 - a) π/2
 - b) π
 - c) 0
 - d) $-\pi/2$
- 8. If ω be the natural frequency and r the damping then damped motion will be oscillatory if
 - a) r=ω
 - b) $r > \omega$
 - c) $r < \omega$
 - d) none of these
- 9. The relaxation time τ for a mechanical oscillator is related to damping constant r as
 - a) $\tau = r/2m$

- b) τ=2m/r
- c) τ=2mr
- d) τ=r/m
- 10. In case of forced oscillations at very low driving frequency the amplitude depends on
 - a) the spring constant
 - b) both spring constant and damping constant
 - c) on mass of the oscillator
 - d) none of these
- 11. Arrange the following fundamental force according to ascending order of their strength
 - a) Strong, weak, electromagnetic and gravitation.
 - b) Strong, electromagnetic, weak and gravitation.
 - c) Gravitation, weak, electromagnetic, strong.
 - d) Gravitation, electromagnetic, weak, strong.
- 12. The gravitational force of attraction does not depend on the following factor
 - a) Masses
 - b) Distance between the bodies.
 - c) Shape of the bodies.
 - d) None of the above.
- 13. The gravitational mass of a body is proportional to the gravitational of what
 - a) Field
 - b) Intensity
 - c) Force
 - d) All of the above
- 14. In the case of central force field which of the following is not true
 - a) Force is a negative gradient of potential
 - b) Potential is a function of distance
 - c) Non conservative
 - d) All of the above
- 15. A inertial frame of reference is that frame which is
 - a) At rest
 - b) Moving with uniform velocity
 - c) Rotating
 - d) Both I and II
- 16. A non inertial frame of reference is that frame which is
 - a) Moving with uniform velocity
 - b) Accelerated with respect to fixed frame of reference
 - c) At rest
 - d) None of the above
- 17. Pseudo force arises in
 - a) Non inertial frame of reference
 - b) Inertial frame of reference
 - c) Moving frame of reference
 - d) None of the above
- 18. Which one is invariant under Galelian Transformation
 - a) Velocity
 - b) Acceleration
 - c) Momentum
 - d) Potential Energy
- 19. Coriolis Force arises

- a) In a rotating frame of reference
- b) In a inertial frame of reference
- c) In a rotating frame of reference and the body also in motion in the rotating frame
- d) All the above
- 20. Ether drift is the relative velocity of
 - a) Light w.r.t Ether
 - b) Earth w.r.t Ether
 - c) Earth w.r.t Light
 - d) None of Above

21. Theoretical path difference calculated by Michelson-Morley was

a)
$$\frac{dv^2}{c\lambda^2}$$

b) $\frac{dv^2}{\lambda c^2}$
c) $\frac{dv^3}{c\lambda^2}$

d)
$$\frac{dv^2}{c\lambda^3}$$

22. The differential equation
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = e^x$$
 is

- a) Nonlinear homogeneous
- b) Nonlinear nonhomogeneous
- c) linear homogeneous
- d) linear nonhomogeneous

23. The particular integral of the differential equation y'' + y' + 2y = 2x is

a) $x - \frac{1}{2}$ b) $x^2 + 2$ c) $x + \frac{1}{2}$

d)
$$2x - \frac{2}{3}$$

24. General solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dx}{dt} + 4x = 0$ is

a) $(A + Bx)e^{-2x}$ b) $(A + Bt)e^{-2t}$ c) $(A + Bx)e^{-2t}$ d) $(A + Bt)e^{2t}$

25. Integrating factor of the linear differential equation $x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 5x$ is

a)
$$-\frac{2}{x}$$

b) $e^{-\frac{3}{x}}$
c) $e^{\frac{2}{x}}$
d) $e^{-2/x}$